

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—San Francisco and vicinity: Rain this afternoon and tonight, cloudy Tuesday; light northwest wind, continued cold. Northern California: Cloudy, unsettled tonight and Tuesday. Cool.

Oakland Tribune.

You will find THE TRIBUNE in every town and hamlet in Alameda County the day it is printed. It gets there with all the news.

VOL. LIII.

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19, 1900.

NO. 272

CIVIL SERVICE

Knocked Out By a Decision of Judge Hebbard.

Provisions Do Not Apply to Officers of the County.

Associated Press Dispatches by

The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 19.—Judge

Hebbard today virtually decided that the

civil service provisions of the charter

were unconstitutional when as overruled

the demurrer to the complaint of Timothy

J. Crowley against the Civil Service Com-

missioners and ordered that the tempo-

rary injunction heretofore issued remain

in force until the final determination of

the action.

Mr. Crowley, who is the accredited rep-

resentative of various deputies of the

County Clerk, Assessor, Sheriff, Tax Col-

lector, Recorder and Coroner of San

Francisco, maintained that the Civil Ser-

vice Commission was illegally expending

the funds of the city in holding examina-

tions of clerks to fill county offices.

The decision of the court will be imme-

diately appealed from, and the matter

taken to the Supreme Court. If Judge

Hebbard's decision is sustained the Civil

Service Commission must necessarily be

dissolved.

FRED MERRITT TELLS ABOUT HIS BUSINESS

Application for a Guardian of James Merritt Heard Being in Court.

Judge Sweeney of Shasta county took up the Merritt guardianship matter this morning. There was no court-room available for the visiting judge and the hearing had to be held in Judge Greene's chambers.

Attorney Philbrook is the petitioner who desires to get possession of the estate and become guardian of James P. Merritt. The hearing had been partly held at the time the case was adjourned some weeks ago. Attorney Bosley represented the Merritts.

Fred Merritt was called to the witness stand this morning and resumed his testimony.

Philbrook announced that he would introduce four and possibly five more witnesses. They will be L. S. Pillsbury, Dr. B. L. Wheeler, Attorneys Reed and Nusbaum and Judge Henshaw of the Supreme Bench.

Merritt stated that at the time his brother James Merritt transferred to him his interest in the Livermore ranch he had given James a document in writing. Attorney Bosley attempted to offer a copy of the paper in evidence but Philbrook objected because it was not original. The nature of the paper was not disclosed at the time. It was shown that the original had been lost but that the copy was made at the same time the document was delivered by Fred to James Merritt.

The paper was then read. It proved to be a written acknowledgment that the transfer of the ranch was in trust only. The transfer was also to secure Fred Merritt for money advanced to his brother.

A similar understanding was testified to in connection with the transfer of the property at Fifth and Adeline streets, and the settlement of the so-called Vandercook mortgage.

Merritt testified that he had advanced about \$1,000 to his brother James and that he held his notes for the amount. He had also expended money for his brother in other ways.

A written agreement was introduced showing that the mortgage of \$25,000 on the Merritt property was to be paid in the proportion of one-half by James and a like amount by Fred Merritt. The money realized on the mortgage passed through the hands of Attorney

SALOONS IN CITIES CAN BE TAXED.

District Attorney Allen Gives Opinion to Supervisors.

Supervisor Roeth's Resolution Laid on the Table.

District Attorney Allen this morning filed an opinion with the Board of Supervisors as to the right of the Board to compel saloonkeepers in incorporated cities and towns to pay a county license in addition to the license charged by the national government and trustees in such incorporated cities and towns.

The opinion is to the effect that the county ordinance on liquor licenses extends, in its effect, all over the county of Alameda, and that under it liquor dealers in incorporated cities and towns may be compelled to pay a liquor license in the county irrespective of any other license they may be paying to any other political division of the county. The opinion is as follows:

"Office of the District Attorney, Oakland, November 19, 1900.—To the Honorable, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda—Gentlemen: The license ordinance of our county passed by your honorable body with respect to licenses, operates through the entire county, and there is no exception in favor of incorporated cities and towns. They are also subject to its license provisions.

"Where the ordinance of the county attempts to provide police regulations, and they are in conflict with the police regulations established by any of the incorporated cities and towns, such police regulations of the incorporated cities and towns are superior to the police regulations provided for by the ordinance of the county." Respectfully submitted,

"JOHN J. ALLEN,
"District Attorney Alameda Co."

MONEY PAID FOR FRENCH DECORATIONS

Sensational Charges are Made in the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The Chamber of Deputies today discussed the alleged decoration scandal, the reactionary press having hinted for several days past at an unpleasant exposure regarding trafficking in decorations.

Finally it was said that M. Jean de Crais, son of the Minister for the Colonies, had been paid 20,000 francs for his influence to secure a cross of the Legion of Honor for M. Edward Drumont, proprietor of the Libre Parole.

De Crais spoke feelingly on the subject and said the charge was false. M. de Crais described the details of the decoration given by M. Millerand, the Minister of Commerce, and the method followed, pointing to the reasons for which the decorations were bestowed.

A lively debate followed, many deputies participating. The government was asked to refer the subject to a magistrate, and others suggested a law to restrain the "calumnious press."

M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, ironically replied, scoring the anti-republican press for descending to such methods in its efforts to injure the Ministry. He claimed the stories were nothing more than political fabrications. The government explanations were approved by a vote of 379 to 21.

SAYS HE MADE THREATS

Conductor Martin's Statements Being Told in Court.

Al Williams is Making a Fight for His Life.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

STOCKTON, Nov. 19.—The trial of Al Williams for the murder of William Martin at a resort south of Stockton last August, is still attracting crowds to the court room.

The defense is still having its inning. J. E. Shinkley of San Francisco testified that on one occasion in San Francisco in 1896 Martin and Williams met on the street and Martin, exhibiting a revolver, told Williams he would "get him yet."

Mrs. J. Nation of Fruitvale testified that she had heard Mrs. Williams say at a house in Stockton that she would never rest until Williams was dead or in San Quentin.

The cross-examination did not result in materially shaking the testimony.

MADE A BIG HAUL.

Kentucky Bank Ruined By Assistant Cashier.

Stealings Amount to Twice the Capital Stock.

Associated Press Dispatches by

The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

CINCINNATI, Nov. 19.—"This bank is

closed by order of the Comptroller of the

Currency."

"(Signed) "O. P. TUCKER,

"National Bank Examiner."

The above notice appeared on the

doors of the stately building of the

German National Bank of Newport,

Ky., prior to the time for opening today.

The salient facts of the cause of the

notice had been known since Sunday

morning, and therefore there were none

of the usual scenes accompanying a

run on a bank by depositors. The alleged

defalcation of Assistant Cashier

Frank M. Brown to the amount of

about \$200,000 was a fact so overwhelming

that no depositor was foolish

enough to suppose that anything could

be accomplished by attempting to get

money from the bank today.

National Bank Examiner O. P. Tuck-

er, who is in charge, in an interview

today said the alleged defalcation was

not discovered by him until 10 o'clock

on Saturday night and the bank's own

experts had been unable to find any-

thing wrong until that time. The dis-

covery was made in a comparison of

Brown's individual ledger with the

cashier's daily checking up. Here, he

said, it was found that Brown had been

forcing balances from day to day until

the total of \$192,900 had been withdrawn

from the funds of the bank. The ex-

aminer further said the matter of

SULTAN PLEASED

Congratulates the President on His Re-election.

ATTORNEY HAYNE IS CALLED DOWN.

Judge Hart Does Not Like the Language He Uses in Court.

* This morning Judge Hart admitted in evidence the abstract sheets *
* showing the receipts from water rentals, bond sales and stock assessments, *
* and the yearly operating expenses of the Contra Costa Water Company. He *
* held that no showing of fraudulent intent had been made. During the *
* course of the argument he rebuked Attorney Hayne for his abusive language *
* and admonished him that it was useless and unjustifiable. *

* When the trial of the water case was resumed this morning the court room *
* was dark and drear from the storm *
* raging outside and the dismal was not *
* lightened a bit by the oratory of At- *
* torney Hayne, who again argued against *
* the admission of the abstract sheets *
* taken from the books in evidence. He *
* broke no new ground and he refrained *
* from the bitter personalities with which *
* he frequently garnishes his speeches. *
* HAYNE REBUKED FROM THE *
* BENCH. *

During the course of his remarks, however, Hayne again charged that the account given of the destruction was perjury, although he did not couple the charge with any name. He was interrupted by Judge Hart with an admonition to keep within the bounds of decorum.

"Don't use such language as that, Judge Hayne," said his honor. "It is not justified and does no good, and is unpleasant in the trial of the case."

Hayne made a brief apology, but continued his attack without further mitigation. He finally concluded by saying that even if there was no evil intent in burning the books it was nevertheless an illegal act, and therefore secondary evidence as to their contents could not be introduced.

JUDGE FIELD'S DECISION.

Mr. McCutcheon read from the decision of Chief Justice Field in 9th California laying down the rule that motive was the determining factor as to the admissibility of secondary evidence when the original evidence had been destroyed. He said it had been universally accepted as the law governing the admission of secondary evidence in this State. McCutcheon contended the destruction of the books was illegal. The records of a corporation which the law required to be preserved, was the record of its acts as a corporation, its stock ledger, minute book, journal, etc., not its books of account. The idea that old discarded books of account can be construed to be records of the corporation is absurd. The destruction was not unlawful, no matter what the motive was that induced it. All the testimony adduced showed an innocent motive for the destruction, and it was an act that the law did not make punishable.

Such acts are done every day, and few corporations could escape the charge of criminality if the destruction of old, worthless books of account constituted criminality. The circumstances corroborated the direct evidence as to an innocent motive, while the opposite view rests wholly upon supposition.

HAYNE IS OVERHEARD.

Judge Hart overruled Hayne's objection and admitted in evidence the abstracts of receipts and expenditures of the company arranged in tabulated form for presentation to the Council. In making his ruling Judge Hart said:

"Council for the defendant introduced an objection to the introduction of certain testimony and set forth two grounds, as I understand it, two general grounds upon which the objection should be sustained. The first is, to take them up in which the grounds were presented, briefly stating that the plaintiff, upon demand having been made for inspection of books and papers, relating to the destruction of the books, under an order of the Court, therefore made, had failed and refused to subject to inspection the particular papers from which it is sought to have the witness Watkinson refresh his memory."

"The second ground of the objection is that it appears from the evidence that certain officers of the company, parties in authority for the plaintiff, destroyed certain books, all the books of account, in fact, of the company, containing a record of the business of

the company for years prior to the date of destruction."

"It is argued upon the one hand that the voluntary destruction of the books which the law requires to be kept, is a presumption of a fraudulent intent or an improper motive. On the other hand it is claimed that the evidence discloses the fact that these books were destroyed in the destruction of the books was not an improper one, nor is there any evidence to show that there was a fraudulent intent, nor an intent to destroy evidence which might be used in litigation which might take place in the future, or that perhaps might be desired from these books by the public authorities to whom, is permitted under the Constitution and laws of this State the power and duty of fixing water rates."

"During the course of the argument counsel for the defendant in his earnestness and zeal, which has properly characterized his defense of this case thus far, severely and unduly indulged in the use of abusive language, going to the extent of characterizing it as perjured testimony, and has asked the Court to take that view of the testimony which bears upon the proposition before the Court."

"What THE EVIDENCE SHOWS."

"Briefly stated the evidence shows, in my mind that in the month of April or May, 1899, almost a year prior to the time at which the constitution requires that rates shall be fixed by the Council, fully a year before the filing of the complaint in this action, for certain reasons which I will refer to hereafter, an officer of the company destroyed pretty much all the books containing a record of the business of the company. It was stated by Mr. Watkinson upon the witness stand, upon the direct as well as the cross-examination, that the reason those books were destroyed was because, first, they were about to remove to new quarters which were not sufficiently capacious or commodious to accommodate and store such a large quantity of books; secondly that there had been or was about to be a consolidation between the Contra Costa Water Company and the Oakland Water Company, which had therefore for some time been plans in the business of furnishing water to the city of Oakland, and that in his opinion it was virtually a reorganization of the Contra Costa Water Company, the starting of a new company, and that they desired that they should start in upon a new basis and therefore wanted to open new books. This testimony was corroborated by Mr. Dingee, Mr. Watkinson stated that during many years during which he was connected with the Contra Costa Water Company in some official capacity, or as an officer, which official capacity he had to do with water rates, representing the plaintiff, there has never been a call by any City Council for the books which had been destroyed; that rates had been fixed upon evidence that had been deduced from other sources, or by other means, or in another manner; though probably primarily the evidence upon which they acted, part of it came from those books. That from that fact he had concluded that the books were of no public importance and significant and that had been a controlling influence, and that the fact that he had books upon the destruction of the books as a matter of unimportance, indifference, you might say, to some extent, so far as the public was concerned."

"I am unable to reach the conclusion, under this evidence, that this act, as disclosed by the evidence in any manner demonstrates or illustrates a fraudulent or unlawful or improper intent or motive on the part of these parties at the time the destruction was had."

NO FRAUDULENT MOTIVE.

Decisions have been cited here, numerous cases, wherein the circumstances were different, in which the law is shown to be clearly that where a document upon which a person necessarily must rely to maintain a cause of action has been voluntarily or deliberately destroyed by the party relying upon it, or by another party in his presence, when his assent is clear, secondary evidence of the contents of the document thus relied upon cannot be given. There is every reason in the world why such a rule of law as that should prevail. It is a wholesome rule of law for the purpose of preventing fraud, for the purpose of maintaining the establishment of a case which could not be established if the original testimony itself were presented. In the case of a promissory note, for instance, in 9th California, Judge Field explains this question with his usual lucidity. It is there held that where a man holds a promissory note, and the payee, he deliberately, the court would not permit him to give secondary evidence, because the presumption is he would not destroy it. Why should he destroy it? Certainly there could be no presumption clearer than that it was done for the purpose of perpetrating a fraud on the defendant in that case. I read the general rule that secondary evidence is not permitted to establish a party's cause of action where the circumstances are such as are described in that case, unless it appears that there was no improper motive, or unlawful or fraudulent intent, from the language which is used, in fact is clear that the rule, that the evidence must clearly show that there was a fraudulent intent or motive existing."

NO CONCEALMENT INTENDED.

"Council for the defendant contends that the mere fact of the destruction of the books is to be followed by the presumption that the same was done for a fraudulent purpose. Now, it is true, and it stands here uncontested in this

record, that the books had never been called for by the Council, it seems to me that if any presumption is to be indulged at all it is to be indulged in favor of the witness here; that the Council intended to go on fixing the rates without consulting the books, that they felt that they were able to do so, they had done so, in fact, and up to this present time they had not found the use of the books, as I understand it, necessary, or called for the books in the fixing of rates under the present ordinance. And it was such a long time prior to any action at law having been brought, I cannot make myself reach the conclusion that it was done with a view to future litigation, even though it appears that there was a consolidation between the Oakland Water Company and the Contra Costa Company. Whether there was any fraud in that consolidation, whether it was consolidated against the law, which is a part of the defense in this case, does not appear to the court now, and the Council is not to be presumed to have intended to do so. I cannot, therefore, indulge in the presumption that there is going to be a lawsuit, simply because the constitution of this State and the statute imposes upon the governing body of the municipality the duty of fixing water rates. On the other hand I think the presumption is that the Council will do its duty, and do its duty according to the law, and if that presumption is indulged then certainly there can be no presumption that there is going to be a lawsuit, follow the performance of a duty and the performance of it in a proper way."

"I therefore find that the evidence upon that point is not such as to warrant the Court in concluding that these books were destroyed with any view to concealing evidence from the Court, or in this case, or with any fraudulent purpose or design."

THE ORDER NOT VIOLATED.

"The second point, which is really the first, is that the Court here made an order, ordering the plaintiff to subject its books to the inspection of the defendant. Such an order was made. The order was necessary to a large extent, general, in fact, it would have been impossible at the time the order was made, to make a more specific order than that which was made, because the defendants in the case were not familiar with the particular books, in which particular books records were kept, therefore the order could not have been made so as to designate by a description so you would recognize the books, to make the order such as to enable a party to recognize the books at once. But it called for books of account relating to the business of the company. There was nothing in the order except in a general way which called for the inspection of the particular papers which are before the Court now, could not have been, because the defendant did not know anything about them, I suppose. The evidence upon this point shows that when Mr. Van Bokkelen and Mr. Crandall, the representatives of the defendant, called upon Mr. Watkinson, and were about to present their demands under the order of the Court for inspection of the books, Mr. Watkinson stated: 'Gentlemen, there is no use in your reading those specifications, they have proceeded to read the specifications which were embraced in the order, as the books have all been destroyed, destroyed some time ago. There is no evidence in the record, in my recollection, that there was any demand made on Mr. Watkinson for the papers which they called at the office of Mr. McCutcheon and were about to make a demand in the same manner in which they had made it of Mr. Watkinson, when Mr. McCutcheon, representing the plaintiff, stated that there were no papers, no books or anything of that sort. Mr. Van Bokkelen stated that he wanted all papers representing extracts or entries contained in the books that were destroyed, contained in the books, and Mr. McCutcheon, representing Mr. Dingee and whoever else was there, stated that they knew nothing of the existence of any such papers. It is in evidence that Mr. Watkinson himself kept these papers, one paper here in particular, that was a transcript, a copy showing certain portions of the business from time to time, which covered a period of a number of years. There is no evidence here tending to show that Mr. Dingee knew anything about that or anybody else that was present connected with the water company at the interview at Mr. McCutcheon's office. In fact, they said we do not know anything about the existence of any such papers. There is no contradiction of that. Now, if it should have appeared in this record that those papers were in existence and that a demand for inspection had been made upon the proper person and refused, the Court would be justified in excluding them on the ground of wilful concealment."

President Watkinson resumed the stand for examination. He produced and verified the tabulated statement of water rents from 1893 till the present time.

Hayne made another flank move to keep the witness from verifying the tabulated statements. Because the witness did not keep the counter cash books or receive the money directly as it was received for water rents, he objected to his giving any testimony regarding the statement of water rents, his object being to have it unverified.

McCutcheon said the entries in no set of books could ever be proved if Hayne's contention was held to be correct. "This witness had charge of the company's business," he said. "He kept the books, including the bank book; he checked the cash and transferred the record of it to the ledger. It is idle to say that we must produce the man who collected the money to testify as to when he collected it and from whom he collected it. If it is the man who keeps the books and the cash cannot testify to the entries the law is a farce and the law of evidence is a farce. You could never prove anything."

Mr. Watkinson said the cash from the counters and collectors came to his office each day with memorandums of the collections. His assistant counted the cash and entered it in the cashbook. Witness then questioned the defendant, asking what bills were to be paid and what sums were to be deposited in bank.

"When you counted a dollar did you recognize that dollar as one that was received for water rents?" asked Hayne.

"Apparently the collector, having a lingering suspicion that the collectors rung in a few dollars of their own occasionally on the company, probably his acquaintance with collectors has been limited."

A recess was taken till 1:15.

HAYNE STANDS ON TECHNICALITIES.

In the afternoon Hayne renewed his effort to prevent Mr. Watkinson from verifying his statements. In doing so he shifted his ground to the broad contention that while the books were admissible as evidence, the defense they were not admissible as evidence for the plaintiff. He had heretofore contended that the books were the only evidence that could be introduced, but now he argued that they could not be considered as evidence unless the defense chose to have them admitted as such. The transcripts, he said, were secondary evidence of what was originally heard.

"But it appears that these papers are vital to the plaintiff's case. At the moment to exclude them is almost at a virtual question, and if allowed to be virtually destructive the plaintiff of the right to prove anything in the past. In that case, this action might as well be dismissed."

"During the pith and loss of a go-as-you-please discussion Mr. Moore quoted from a Latin lawyer."

"Never heard of him," snapped out Moore.

"Well, I have, since you think it necessary to say that you have not," retorted Moore.

"Read it," responded Moore, and he rolled over several sentences in sonorous Latin. "That's the first time I ever knew that Moore could talk Dutch," whispered the bailiff in an awed tone.

The incident was almost an accidental one, but it was in the forenoon when Hayne charged Watkinson with medical malpractice in burning the old books.

Hayne's objection was again overruled, his Honor saying that if it were sustained it would be well high impossible to prove anything as to the contents of books by secondary evidence.

McCutcheon asked leave to withdraw the original statement of water rents and substitute a copy, but Hayne objected in a highly suggestive manner. His tone nettled both Moore and McCutcheon, and they sharply took to task the special attorney for the way he acted, sniffling and sneering as if nobody was to be trusted but himself. Finally the court made an order that the plaintiff be permitted to substitute a copy after the original had been compared and marked by the Clerk.

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HALTED AT THE PRISON

Mrs. Houratt Had Her Saratoga Sent to City Hall.

The cold iron bars and uncongenial environments in and about the City Prison induced Mrs. Vincent Houratt to change her mind and pay a fine of \$15 in preference to spending 100 days in the city's Bastille.

But she had refused to pay the fine up to yesterday; had packed her Saratoga, had it removed to the prison and had vowed that rather than replenish the coffers of the city's wrong law with her shining gold she would languish in darkness and thus expiate her crime of selling intoxicating liquors to boys under 16 years of age.

The history of Mrs. Houratt's wrongdoing is perhaps still fresh in the minds of readers possessed of elongated memories. It was on the afternoon of March 16th last that Police Judge Smith, while walking down Broadway, met a youth with a decidedly Democratic name, Grover Bryan, and a more decided "jag" than even an old timer ever boasted. He had then taken to the City Prison, and after much reluctance young Bryan divulged the place where he and a companion named Toolig had purchased a quart bottle of sherry and a bottle of port for 25 cents each. They had taken the cheap liquor to the banks of Lake Merritt and there drank it to their heart's content and until their young brains became addled.

The liquor was purchased at Mrs. Houratt's, corner of Eleventh and Franklin streets, and on March 25th she was arrested.

On April 25th she was convicted by a jury and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$15 or take the alternative of 100 days' imprisonment. She appeared in the Superior Court, but that Court, a few days ago, sustained the judgment of the lower court.

Last Saturday Detective Kite served the commitment on Mrs. Houratt. She pleaded for a slight delay and yesterday came for a second trial of her good intentions. She refused to pay the fine of \$15 and asking her trunk had it sent to the City Prison, declaring to Kite that she had concluded to serve her sentence. She was taken to the jail. But once inside behind the cold iron bars her conscience became pinched and she relented and paid up her fine promptly and was released.

Mrs. Houratt was prosecuted under the State law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors to minors under 16 years of age, and making the punishment upon conviction not less than \$10 nor more than \$20, or not less than 100 days nor more than 200 days, or both.

The happy and most appreciative result of Mrs. Houratt's conviction last April has been that not one boy of 15 or under has since been charged with drunkenness.

IN THE MERRITT GUARDIANSHIP CASE this afternoon there was an explosion. Judge Sweeney asked Philbrook if he would call Judge Henshaw as his next witness as a matter of courtesy. Philbrook insisted that Bosley was his next witness and he would call no one else.

"Then I will excuse the Judge from further attendance here," said Judge Sweeney. "He is not an officer of the State and should not be kept away from his duties."

Philbrook-The Supreme Court is not in session now.

Judge Sweeney-Well, there is no use making a fuss about attendance on you in a case like this.

Philbrook said he would have to submit to the Judge's order but refused to call Judge Henshaw.

The Judge was sworn by Judge Sweeney's order and took the witness stand. Philbrook refused to examine him. He said he had not called him; that Bosley was the only man he wanted.

Judge Henshaw was then excused from further attendance.

SANBORN'S REPORT ON RAINFALL.

H. M. Sanborn, the florist, reports that according to the Hutchinson rain gauge the rainfall during the past forty-eight hours, up to 1 o'clock this afternoon amounted to eleven one-half inches, making a total of 11 inches for the season, as against a total of 22 inches at the same date last year.

FOUGHT OVER WRECKED HOME.

The altercation between Fred Vogel and Tom Crow last Saturday night resulted in the arrest today of the latter on a charge of battery, preferred by Vogel.

Vogel claims that Crow, who is a bartender, wrecked his home and happiness a few years ago.

GERMAN ENDS IN ROASTED A FARCE

A French Statesman Charges Against Our Jockeys Fall to the Ground.

Fears There Will be Universal War.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—During the morning session of the Chamber of Deputies today the budget for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs was discussed and M. de Constant, representing the La Fliche, district of the Sarthe, asked how long the Chinese campaign would last. He said he feared it would cost a large amount. They could not depend on an indemnity to cover the expense, for it would be necessary to continue the expedition to enforce the payment. The speaker also expressed fear that the exaction of an indemnity would result in the clamor of universal war, resulting in a universal war. Thus, he pointed out, "China lays a trap for Europe to fall into."

M. Sembat, Radical-Socialist, representing one of the Seine districts, demanded to know by what right the government had engaged in war without consent of Parliament and questioned the government as to the truth of the press announcements of atrocities committed by soldiers. He concluded with the statement that Field Marshal von Waldersee was unfit to be commander-in-chief of the alleged forces.

The debate will be continued tomorrow.

GANNERY MAN KILLED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. SACRAMENTO, Nov. 18.—A special to the Bee from Lincoln today says: Martin Wadley, superintendent of the cannery at Lincoln, was thrown from a buggy below Auburn last night and instantly killed. His companion, P. Matley, was also thrown from the vehicle, but escaped with slight injuries. It is supposed that in the unusual darkness of the night the buggy was pitched over the steep bank of Auburn ravine, which runs along the road where the accident occurred.

Deceased was about 35 years of age and had been engaged in the cannery business a long time. He was considered an expert cannery man and always had responsible positions and was highly respected.

JEE CASE IS HEARD IN COURT.

The matter of appointing a guardian for Arthur W. Jee, the incompetent capitalist, in place of the late Judge Catlin of Sacramento was heard by Judge Greene today this afternoon.

The incompetent had an estate of \$15,000. There are a large number of petitioners for the place, all of whom claim to be old friends of Jee.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in New Style Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc. Modern furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment. No cash price. Count 30 per cent from installment price.

Married.

COMSTOCK-BROWN-In this city, November 18, 1900, by Rev. C. H. Hobart, James Williamson Comstock and Angela Brown.

McINTOSH-REPASS-In this city, November 18, 1900, by Rev. C. H. Hobart, James McIntosh and Elvira Repass.

GEHRING-VAN BUCKING-In this city, November 18, 1900, by Rev. C. H. Hobart, Edward Gehring and Inez Van Bocking.

DAILY-ADDER-In this city, November 18, 1900, by Rev. C. H. Hobart, Charles Herbert Daily and Margaret Adder.

Died.

ANDERSON-In Fruitvale, November 18, 1900, Robert J. Anderson, a native of Scotland, aged 72 years, 6 months and 2 days.

SHANNON-In this city, November 18, 1900, William Shannon, a native of Ireland, aged 72 years, 6 months and 2 days.

TYNELL-In this city, November 18, 1900, Katherine Tynell, a native of England, aged 72 years, 6 months and 2 days.

WHEELER-In this city, November 18, 1900, Margaret Wheeler, a native of Ireland, aged 72 years, 6 months and 2 days.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The much-advertised meeting called for today to consider the "doping" of horses, resulted in a farce. A handful of well-known "sports," a few Americans and a number of veterinary surgeons composed the audience. The vast majority of the speakers said they believed the American jockeys used electrical appliances, but no evidence to that effect was produced.

The meeting finally resolved into a discussion between American and English trainers, whereupon the chairman remarked that the object of the meeting was lost sight of. An invited all present who knew anything about "doping" to hold up their hands. There was no response and there the meeting ended.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

GROCERY AUCTION

ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1900, ON THE PREMISES, 80 EAST TWELFTH STREET AND SIXTEENTH AVENUE, EAST OAKLAND, AT 11 A. M. SHARP, WITHOUT RESERVE.

By order of Mrs. Thompson, I will sell her entire stock of groceries, known as Pont's grocery store, consisting of canned goods of all kinds, tea, coffee, four, syrup, candles, soap, a large lot of crockery, glassware and hardware. Also large lot of goods, including 24 of all kinds, scales, truck, etc.

These goods are first class and must be sold in one lot. Terms cash.

T. H. B. ROSENBERG & CO., General Auctioneers. Office 425 Ninth and 92 Twelfth Street. Telephone Black 42.

Take Twelfth Street Alameda cars right to the house.

"TWENTY-FOUR SOLID OAK BED-ROOM SUITS WITH French patent looking glasses at a bargain. Corner 11th and Franklin Sts. H. Seidelbach.

Capital \$200,000 200,000 Shares.

Lincoln Oil Company

Incorporated September 25th, 1900, under laws of State of California. All stockholders are requested to attend the annual meeting of the company, to be held at the Central Bank Building, Oakland, Cal., on Tuesday, November 20, 1900, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Rooms 509-510 Central Bank Building, Oakland, Cal.

10

More Busy Days And then Our MOVING DAY

The world wasn't built in a day, you know—took six of them. Our new store room will be finished in about as many days as it took to build the world—about 6 days—then comes our work—moving in and placing the finest and best stock of Clothing ever shown under one roof in Alameda County. We are going to make those 10 remaining days memorable ones—days of fast and furious selling—days of stock reduction in the Broadway Store—days you will remember as they will be saving days for you. So for the next 10 days turn your feet over on Broadway—over to our corner, after that turn them over

On to Washington Street
and into the "GREATER NOVELTY."

Ten-Day Temptations

Prices which will set the money in your purse to jingling. Every day will be TIE DAY now, until we move—Men's 25c and 50c 4-in-hands, Tecks, Puff, Bows and Bat Wing Ties. All go for ten days at

19c 19c 19c 19c 19c

A SENSATION IN SHIRTS A double window full, large lines of sizes 16 16½, but all sizes among them Men's golf and fancy dress shirts—worth 75c and \$1.00. All go for ten days at

45c 45c 45c 45c 45c

LINEN COLLARS—3c each—No. 15, 15½ or 16 among them.
HEMMEH HANDKERCHIEFS—4c each—plenty of them.
MEN'S SUSPENDERS—11c worth 25c per pair.
UNLAUNDERED WHITE SHIRTS—39c—our 50c quality.
MEN'S WOOL UNDERWEAR—55c—worth \$1.00 per garment.

Special Ten day reductions all over the House—every department—every line—(EXCEPT DUTCHESS TROUSERS)—Come along—join the crowd—remember that you have an interest in this business and we want you to keep it up—the interest.

C. J. Heeseman

Proprietor of the NOVELTY, Established 1876.
Proprietor of the GREATER NOVELTY to be opened in 1901

OAKLAND'S MOST FASHIONABLE CLOTHIER

Will carry Shoes in the new store to be opened on Washington Street in about 10 days—Now selling out the Broadway store at

REMOVAL PRICES

1051-1053 BROADWAY Cor. Eleventh

NEW CHURCH AT SAN LORENZO.

New Structure Dedicated By Archbishop Riordan.

The Catholic Church of St. John the Baptist at San Lorenzo was dedicated yesterday by Archbishop Riordan. This church is situated over by Rev. Father O'Mahoney and Rev. Father Montaner of San Leandro.

Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. W. G. O'Mahoney acted as celebrant. Rev. T. Cunningham of St. Patrick's, San Francisco, deacon. Rev. T. Cunningham of St. Mary's, College, San Francisco, master of ceremonies.

The sermon was delivered by Archbishop Riordan, and in it his grace congratulated the parishioners upon the generosity and devotion which had brought about the rearing of the sacred edifice. He said special credit redounded upon them for it was well known that the members of the congregation were far from overburdened with the wealth of the world.

"But this church," he continued, "will stand as a monument of your fidelity to the teachings of the holy fathers, and as a lasting evidence of the spirit which should mark the acts of the devout and the sincere believer."

The debt remaining on the church amounts to only \$200, which the people are confident will be cleared within a year. The church services will be

conducted each Sunday by Fathers O'Mahoney and Montaner of St. Leandro parish.

NEWS NOTES FROM TOWN OF HAYWARDS.

HAYWARDS, Nov. 19.—The rainfall Friday evening was .75 thus making it 3.85 for the season. The farmers are joyful over the outlook as they have had enough rain to enable them to begin plowing.

Town Trustee, N. Brunner, went to Oakland on business, Saturday.

Dr. R. B. Bold visited his ranch in Castro Valley, Saturday.

Superintendent McLoughlin of the Oakland, San Leandro and Hayward Electric Railway Company was in town Saturday afternoon.

T. P. Gray made a flying trip to Oakland, Saturday.

Miss Mamie Silver and Joseph de Silveira were married by Rev. Father Lally at the Catholic Church last Saturday.

Met His Brother After 17 Years.

SAN LEANDRO, Nov. 19.—Charles Prouty of Hayward was in town Saturday.

Daniel McCarthy editor of the San Leandro News, returned to Oakland Saturday on important business.

Hugh Morgan and family of Chicago will soon leave for home. Mr. Morgan has been visiting with his brother Robert Morgan, the undertaker. Hugh who owns a large job printing office in Chicago, had not seen his brother for over seventeen years and consequently the meeting was one for great rejoicing.

A Jorgensen helper on the oil train of the Oakland, San Leandro and Hay-

wards Electric Railway Company, has lost his employee's badge.

L. S. Hay and wife, formerly of Fruitvale who have spent the last six months in Rome, intend making their home in Elmhurst. Hay will open a harness and saddlery shop in the Willows Hotel block next week.

LORIN

LORIN, Nov. 19.—N. Pushe, who has been spending the last year and a half in the Hawaiian Islands is home.

Contractor Peterson began the erection of a large two-story residence on Ashby avenue adjoining Mrs. Wright's this morning.

A. J. Morgan was in town Saturday evening.

GOLDEN GATE, Nov. 19.—The storm last Friday night uprooted a number of trees and did slight damage to a couple of fences.

S. Stone of Los Angeles is visiting friends here.

Cranz was in town Saturday, looking over his property.

FRUITVALE, Nov. 19.—Ar Wah Nee, Nov. 19.—The Red Man gave a very enjoyable entertainment in the Fruitvale Masonic Hall, followed by a war dance, last Friday night.

That Throbbing Headache Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Oakland Bros., Druggists, cor. Seventh and Broadway.

ELMHURST, Nov. 19.—Conductor C. Allen of the Oakland, San Leandro and Hayward Electric Railway Company has a severe cold, which he fears may turn into grip.

A Jorgensen helper on the oil train of the Oakland, San Leandro and Hay-

NO WAY TO SEND BURGLAR TO PRISON.

Police are Not Pleased
With the
Law.

Must Turn Prisoner
Free Because of No
Complaint.

Chief of Police Hodgkins and his retinue of detectives, are greatly chagrined over the inadequacy of the law that does not permit them, or any member of the Police Department to swear to complaints charging felony, on information or belief.

The case in hand is that of William Jensen, who was arrested last Tuesday on suspicion of being an accomplice of Clarence French, the "Electrical burglar," who with his pal, Towler, has been held to answer on a charge of burglary at Chico, recently.

Point Jensen, who formerly resided in Alameda, where he and French were well acquainted, before the latter was sent to San Quentin, was clearly implicated in the several burglaries committed at M. Citron's Bazaar, corner of Ninth and Broadway, there is absolutely no doubt in the minds of the authorities. But, after having been detained in a cell at the City Prison a whole week and the time having expired that a complaint should be sworn to by the victim, M. Citron, now declines to have anything further to do with the case, and Jensen will in all probability, be released sometime today.

Citron declares that his reason for not swearing to a complaint is his fear of Jensen's relatives and friends. And for that reason the authorities are much put out. After having worked so industriously in conjunction with the Alameda and San Francisco police.

"After a lot of hard work," said Chief of Police Hodgkins this morning, "the result being accomplished with much success, we got down to the point where a complaint should be sworn to by Citron against this man Jensen. But Mr. Citron, the chief victim of some half-dozen burglaries, now, through the intervention and advice of a brother-in-law, and through fear of Jensen's friends and relatives, decides not to swear to a complaint."

"That Jensen entered Citron's place there is no question of a doubt. But we are powerless. For in felony cases we cannot swear on information and belief."

"Citron, I might mention, by the way, all along suspected that the burglaries at his bazaar were inside jobs. He suspected some of his trusted employees, and now that we have the guilty party in the tanks he ought to be glad at least that it was none of his employees, and should be only too anxious to swear to a complaint."

Detective Holland is even more exercised over the case.

"It is an outrage upon justice and a burning shame," said Detective Holland today, "that no one save Citron is warranted by law to swear to a complaint against this man Jensen. That Jensen entered Citron's place, or that he was an accomplice of French, there is not the slightest doubt. We all worked very hard on the case, for the jobs were no numerous during August and September last that it became alarming to us. And now when we have the thieves in the tanks our entire work is knocked pretty well by the victim refusing to swear to a complaint."

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will be conducted by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Nichols. The general subject will be "The Well-Rounded Life." Under this head there will be addresses on "His Sphere" at 10 A. M.; on "His Spirit" at 1 P. M.; and on "His Symmetry Through the Holy Spirit" at 2 P. M. The offering will be for the fund which the auxiliary put out the disposal of the Bishop for women's missionary work in the diocese.

SERENADE AT THE REQUA HOME.

Highlands, the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Requa, was turned over last Saturday night to the members of Col. Oscar P. Long Garrison No. 10, Army and Navy Union, who gathered to honor the gentleman whose name is perpetuated in that of the garrison.

The guests numbered about 200 and were welcomed in a hearty manner by Mr. and Mrs. Requa and Colonel and Mrs. Long. There was a military band in attendance which played martial pieces in an excellent manner. Medals were presented to Mr. and Mrs. Requa and Col. and Mrs. Long by George W. Chaplin in behalf of the garrison. In offering the medals Mr. Chaplin, among other things, said that during the time soldiers were being rushed to this Coast many a soldier's heart had been made glad by the appearance of Mrs. Requa and Mrs. Long, who, with other patriotic ladies, had worked to make the soldier's lot an easier one. As to how well those ladies had succeeded in their efforts the speaker said one had but to ask any soldier who had passed through San Francisco on his way to the Philippines.

In responding to the remarks of the representative of the garrison, Col. Long said that generosity, honesty and bravery were characteristic of the true soldier, no matter what uniform covered his breast or whether his shoulders bore epaulettes. He said he could but feel that the offering of the medals was prompted by a desire on the part of the members of the garrison to convey the spirit of comradeship to those who they felt were their friends, and with that same feeling he was certain the trophies were accepted.

Mr. Requa also made a short address. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable evening was passed.

The officers of the union, all of whom were present, are: J. P. Fitzgerald, commander; R. D. Deverell, senior vice-commander; W. P. Oestrich, junior vice-commander; James H. Riley, adjutant; Theodore Lambert, chaplain; H. P. Miller, officer of the day; Henry M. Molton, officer of the guard.

The business portion of Haywards was threatened with destruction yesterday morning by a fire that destroyed the general merchandise store of Gonzalez & Co.

The flames were discovered in the rear of the store about 4 o'clock in the morning. Only the most strenuous efforts on the part of firemen prevented a conflagration, as a high wind was blowing and the surrounding buildings are all wooden structures. The loss is estimated at \$2,000.

WEST OAKLAND
KINDERGARTEN.

The entertainment announced to be given for the benefit of the West Oakland free kindergarten will be held on December 5th instead of December 1st. A fine program is being prepared and the ladies expect a large attendance. This is a very worthy charity and deserves patronage.

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Abrahamson Bros., Inc.

465-467-469-471 THIRTEENTH STREET, CORNER WASHINGTON ST., OAKLAND

Cold Weather Bargains:

Keep warm and make yourself comfortable, thereby saving doctor bills. Look at our BLANKETS and COMFORTERS.

At \$2.75—11-14 grey Blankets, with colored border, fully one-half wool, an excellent weight, specially made to sell at \$2.75.

At \$4.25—11-14 natural sanitary Blanket, all wool, with pretty borders, originally intended for a \$5.00 Blanket—our special price \$4.25.

At \$4.95—We offer too California White Blankets bought by us directly from the mill, the same blankets ordinarily should sell for \$6.50, but as a special factor for this department will be offered at \$4.95.

At \$2.00—Comforters filled with white cotton, good weight, covered with figured silkline on both sides—only \$2.00.

At \$3.00—Comforters covered both sides with figured satteen and filled with the best cotton—\$3.00.

At \$5.00—Eiderdown Comforters covered with best quality of French satin and filled with down, as a special bargain sold at \$5.00.

In addition we have just received a complete line of Blankets, Comforters, Bed Quilts, Etc., varying in price from \$1.50 to \$12.00 each, and therefore are in a position to satisfy all customers.

WEDDING GIFT FROM FRIENDS.

A. L. Hannaford Kindly
Remembered By City
Hall Attaches.

A. L. Hannaford, Chief Deputy City Auditor, and bride returned from their honeymoon trip yesterday and are now ensconced in their permanent home, 222 Telegraph avenue.

While Mr. Hannaford was taking a bride last Wednesday proved the surprise of the day in social circles and among the City Hall attaches, the latter this morning gave Deputy Auditor Hannaford an equally great surprise, so far as he, at least, is concerned.

The surprise was in the way of a complete solid silver set, consisting of 56 pieces, including a dozen teaspoons, half dozen black coffee spoons, half dozen forks, knives and table spoons, half dozen fruit knives, a silver berry spoon and a sugar spoon, the entire lot neatly encased in a white silk lined case; also a silver butter dish. Accompanying the wedding gift is the following congratulatory epistle:

"To Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hannaford with the heartiest congratulations and best wishes from their friends in the Oakland City Hall: A. L. Breed, W. J. Patterson, D. C. Hroed, John Mitchell, Z. T. Gilpin, David L. Bortree, Chas. T. Cole, E. W. Owen, Henry Maloon, Judge M. Smith, Mayor R. W. Snow, Wm. A. Dow, S. W. Condon, W. J. Hennessy, R. F. Jackson, J. W. McClymonds, Chas. L. Cornell, Chas. P. Ott, Richard B. Ayer, Miss D. Alexander, H. K. Snow, Ed. F. Holland, L. Lawton, N. A. Ball, E. Barnett, C. S. Greene, Henry Martin, A. J. Blalock, H. G. Williams, John Wilds."

TWO VICTIMS CLAIMED
BY CONSUMPTION.

Mrs. Catherine G. Terrell died at her home, 504 Kirkham street, last Saturday evening after several years' suffering from consumption. Deceased was the wife of J. L. Terrell. She was a native of Flushing, Long Island, N. Y., aged 63, and leaves several small children. The funeral takes place tomorrow morning and the remains will be interred in St. Mary's cemetery.

George H. Abbott, a former railroad employe, also died Saturday at his home, 523 Thirty-ninth street. His death, too, is attributed to consumption. The funeral took place this afternoon and the interment was in Mountain View cemetery.

SLEPT OUT AND NOW
HE SLEEPS IN.

Charles Thebe, a "Weary Willie of the Road," was found sleeping in a barn at West Oakland early this morning and was rudely awakened by Officer Collett, who had him driven in the Police Department's carriage to the City Hall. After a light breakfast Thebe was taken before Police Judge Smith who extended his time for languishing in the City Jail three days.

Further Identification.

John J. Brown, the young man who had both legs crushed under the wheels of a passenger train at Sixteenth street station last Friday and died subsequently, was the son of Benjamin Brown of Lynchburg, Va., and was in the employ of the Thompson Bridge Company of San Francisco. He was known as one of the best structural iron workers in the country and was one of the foremen in charge of the construction of the Ferris wheel at the Chicago World's Fair.

A Wine Firm Always Busy.

Mohs & Kallenbach, wine and liquor merchants of 23 Market st., San Francisco, report great activity in all branches of their trade. Their pure wines are not only appreciated at home, but orders are constantly received for shipments to China, the Hawaiian Islands and other countries. The firm prides itself on the success in the handling of their "Atlas" Bourbon Whiskey, which has become quite a favorite with the country dealers because of its singularly fine flavor and taste. In the selection of their table wines such as Zinfandel, Hockings, Port, Sherries, etc., the greatest care is exercised, to which must be attributed the extensive trade the firm has built up with the best families of Oakland, Berkeley, Alameda and all places on this side of the bay. They are always pleased to see their friends and touch their right spot by a friendly glass.

Locates in Oakland.

Mrs. C. B. Shanks of San Luis Obispo county has located at 211 Campbell street.

Graphophones Rented.

With operator, \$1 per evening. Address: East Warren, 29 Eighth st., Oakland.

VINDICATES OUR ARTILLERY.

Gen. Chaffee's Answer
to Criticisms on
Field Guns.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Some disparaging criticism upon the American field gun as exhibited in the Chinese negotiations led Adjutant General Corbin to address the following inquiry to General Chaffee:

"Adjutant General's Office, November 19.—Chief, I desire to know your light artillery gun did not meet well required service compared with other arms. What are the facts?"

The following response has been received:

"Adjutant General, Washington, November 19: Reply to your 12. Our battery better than any other army in campaign. German battery just arrived; none of us superior to ours. Powder charge in case fired with trigger like pistol. More rapid in result. Breaking arrangement also better. Our battery highly praised, particularly so by General Linde-vith, who said he felt like taking off his hat whenever he saw our battery so effective as ours in attacks on the enemy."

"CHAFFEE."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm.*

When You Want a Girl

FOR HOUSEWORK

Advertise for her in The Tribune

THERE WILL BE MANY APPLICANTS AND YOU CAN MAKE A SUITABLE SELECTION.

Half a cent a word first insertion; half a cent a word each subsequent insertion. 50¢ a line by the month.

BRANCH OFFICES

Classified advertisements and subscription notices will be promptly forwarded to THE TRIBUNE.

ALAMEDA.

L. A. FIELD'S Stationery Store, 1234

Washington street.

MRS. BIGGS' News Stand, 221 Santa

Clara avenue.

BERKELEY.

J. GIBSON'S Blue and Gold Restaurant,

212 Center street. Sample copy free with

each issue.

NEEDHAM BROS., New P. O. Building,

Shattuck avenue.

MORRIS News Stand, 120 Shattuck ave-

nue, Dwight way.

W. R. LONG'S Restaurant, 221 Tele-

graph avenue.

WOLFE'S Drug Store, 77 University

avenue, West Berkeley.

LAHAY'S News Depot, corner Seventh

and Pine streets, West Oakland.

MRS. M. E. BURDICK'S Station Store,

P. O. Building, 221 Telegraph avenue.

GABRIEL & TAYLOR'S Drug Store,

junction of San Pablo and Fourteenth

streets.

JACKSON'S Pharmacy, 175 Seventh

street, West Oakland.

A. L. LEIBER'S Drug and Stationery

Store, 323 1/2 Seventh street.

JOHN & ROBERTSON's Grocery, Third

and Fourth streets, Berkeley.

WENTWORTH'S Drug Store, corner of

Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets,

East Oakland.

L. J. WESTLAKE'S Emeryville Pharmacy,

San Pablo and Park avenues.

GENERAL NOTICES

DON'T WAIT till rainy weather; get your

house painted now. Send for S. C. B.

King, 75 Tenth st.; tel. blue 41; res. 301

Forty-fourth st.

FIRE-Get leather tacks and car-

pet holders. Mohr & Kallenberg, 21 Mar-

ket street, San Francisco.

FOR "Up-to-date" Signs see ALLEN

DORE, 21 San Pablo ave., cor. Clay

and Seventeenth st., Tel. green 24.

ALAMEDA Window Cleaning Company,

room 15, 104 Broadway, Oakland, agents

for the Sanitary Duct Layer. Floors

and walls scrubbed, dirt, grease, etc.

is odorless, a disinfectant, saves labor and

sprinkling and keeps floor free from

microbes. Phone 5315 black.

OAKLAND Window Cleaning Co., 512

Seventh st., Oakland.

Twelfth and Broadway cleaning house

cases, looking glasses, windows, paint,

floor scrubbed, etc., contracts by week

or month; phone 513 mull. G. Hig. no.

PERSONALS

MRS. C. A. VIVIAN and MRS. E. CHAT-

MAN, 8 Military and Dr. H. H. Par-

sons, ladies' own materials made up in

latest Eastern styles by our milliner,

making over a specialty. 58 Twenty-

seventh st., near San Pablo.

MRS. BLAND, DETECTIVE-Social

experience in detective work, day

work attended to promptly. 81 Franklin

st., Oakland, Cal.

MADAME SODAN, well renowned card

reader and palmist, room 10, Lester

House, 82 1/2 st.; tel. blue 11.

WINTERHOOF'S Optician Home treat-

ment for female troubles. 750 days

treatment free. Call at address Mrs. A.

J. Diehr, manager branch office, 715

Summit street.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE-A No. 1 fresh Jersey cow;

second calf. Apply 512 1/2 st.

HIGH GRADE HCYCLE and attach-

ments for sale; \$30, second \$10. Call at

Myrtle, basement, bet. 73 and 74 1/2 st.

FOR SALE-Fresh cow with calf; half

Jersey. Apply 151 1/2 10th st., bet. 22

and 23 1/2 st.

FOR SALE-A 1900 Cleveland bicycle;

good condition, a racer, gent's wheel,

it goes for 12; owner going away. Call

151 Seventeenth st.; call this week.

AT A BARGAIN-Two house pairs; one

new, with gas and electric; the other

old, with gas and electric. No cash

down. Apply 630 1/2 10th st., bet. 22

and 23 1/2 st.

GOOD SPECULATION-We have some

good bank stock for sale to cash an

estate, also 50 shares of another good

stock, which will pay a dividend of 12

per cent per annum, payable

quarterly. Full particulars with Allen

Co. 115 Broadway. For order J. W.

Wall.

AN ELEGANT new upright piano, latest

style, case, fine tone, will be sold Mon-

day to highest offer, to repay advances

made. Call 10 to 5, 42 Tenth st.

HORSE and covered buggy for road use

for 2 months; must be reasonable. J. J.

McCarthy, 214 Ninth st., Oakland.

FAMILY HOMES, pleasant, warm; one

with 5 acres, young berry bushes, bro-

oder; 20 acres; \$100. C. H. Barr,

Dimond P. O.

NEW, CLEAN 500 grocery stock for sale

at less than wholesale price; must be

sold this week, good business. 58

Twenty-second st.

YOUNG, gentle, fresh cow for sale. 533

Gray st.

YOUNG, gentle, fresh cow for sale. 71

Sixteenth st.

PIANO for sale cheap. Apply southwest

corner 14th and West st.

FOR SALE-1900 model wheel. Inquire

at 20 San Pablo ave.

EDUCATIONAL AND MUSICAL

MADAME E. H. MELCHOND, Profes-

sor of French, 418 Eleventh st., bet.

Jackson and Alameda; phone city 72.

J. F. PALMER, teacher of mandolin,

guitar and banjo; director of Palmer's

Mandolin Orchestra; Juvenile Mandolin

and Guitar Club, which plays a wide

variety of music. If interested in these in-

struments you are invited to club rehearsal

Saturday evenings, Macdonough Bldg.,

rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

HALLS FOR RENT

HALL TO LET-Grand Army Hall to let.

Apply 115 Broadway.

RESTAURANTS

NEW POSTOFFICE RESTAURANT-

Meals served day and night; oysters

cooked in any style. 40 Eleventh st.,

bet. Wash. and Broadway. Tel. No. 54.

Phone, Milburn & Graham.

P. KISHIN-Saddle Back Restaurant;

phone city 42. 40 1/2 12th st., Oakland.

SEWING MACHINES

22-DOMESTIC Sewing machine in per-

fect order. L. L. Sargent, 41 Twelfth

st., bet. Broadway and Washington.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

WANTED-Three furnished rooms for

light housekeeping in the vicinity of

Tenth and Clay st.; must be reason-

able. Address or call "E. D." 365 Wash-

ington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

WANTED-A position as companion to a

clerical lady or housekeeper; good home

desired; must be large wages. Ad-

dress box 40, Tribune office. A. H.

JAS. S. NALSMITH, 42 Ninth st.

POSITION by young lady as stenog-

rapher and typewriter in office; ex-

perience. Address box 22, E. J. Trib-

une. -

TWO sunny furnished rooms for light

housekeeping; suitable for one or two

persons. 75 Ninth st. -

COMPETENT middle aged woman with

position as housekeeper, or will do light

housework in small family. Address

Mrs. Welch, P. O. West Berkeley. -

NURSE with experience and magnetism

desires cure of invalid. Call 513 Ninth

street. -

FOR REFINISHED HELP send your

order to Mrs. Catlett, 513 Eighth st., near

Clay; good and most reliable employ-

ment office; all nationalities; male and

female. Telephone 570 black. -

DO YOU WANT THE woman or Chinese

cook? Telephone 1114 black. -

SWEET GIRL, would like position to

do chamber work or general housework.

125 Fourteenth st., West Oakland. -

FIRST CLASS waitress and house-keep-

ing day or week. 513 Sixth st. -

COMPETENT WOMAN wishes situation

as cook in hotel or boarding house. Ad-

dress box 10, Tribune office. -

WANTED-Old girl for second work; four

in family, wages \$15. Address box 75, Tri-

bune. -

WANTED-Well aged lady to clean four

rooms; three hours daily. Apply 102

Broadway, room 11, bet. 11 A. M. and

2 P. M. -

WANTED-A woman to devote 6 to 8

hours a day in an honorable business.

Apply 102 Broadway. -

WANTED-Girl (middle-aged woman) to

assist in housework. Address 503 East

Sixteenth st. -

MALE HELP WANTED

ACTIVE MAN for temporary light posi-

tion (evening work), day 15 per day.

Address D. B. Shepp, 723 Chestnut st.,

Phila. Pa. -

WANTED-How about 6 years old, living

with parents. Apply J. J. Hamilton &

Co., 414 Fourteenth st. -

TO MEET AGENT used to canvassing

and selling insurance goods; future

for bright man. Address box 75, Tri-

bune. -

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

YOUNG MAN going to school wants to

do work in payment or part pay-ment

for board and lodging. Address 101

Webster street. -

FOR RENT.

310-Moern sunny 6 r. house; 150 1/2 av.

315-Moern sunny 7 r. house, nice barn,

sawed 375 Raby. Call 1114 black.

315-Moern 5 r. cottage; no Oak sta.

315-Moern 5 r. cottage; no Oak sta.

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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Adjourned Meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Friday, November 16, 1900.

The Board of Supervisors met at 2 o'clock A. M.

Present—Supervisors Roth, Wells, Church and Talbot.

Absent—Supervisor Mitchell.

READING OF THE MINUTES.

Superior Court report of the real-estate taxes for the year 1900, read and the minutes of November 12th and 13th be dispensed with.

Seconded by Supervisor Roth and carried by the following vote: Roth, Wells, Church and Talbot—4.

Absent—Supervisor Mitchell—1.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VOTE.

The Clerk announced that the following canvass was made by the Board of Supervisors and read the following report of the canvass:

The vote of each candidate for the respective offices, as follows:

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VOTE.

Total vote cast, 2,597.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

FOR SHORTLY.

FOR STATE SENATOR—THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

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FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

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FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

FOR STATE SENATOR—FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

BANKS.

THE OAKLAND BANK OF SAVINGS.

Cor. Broadway and Twelfth St.

INCORPORATED 1855.

Authorized Capital \$1,000,000.00.

Capital Paid In 450,000.00.

Reserve Fund 166,283.37.

Deposits, June 30, 1900 6,727,135.93.

Cash and U. S. Bonds 1,926,561.21.

ISAAC L. REQUA, President.

HENRY TOUGHER, Vice President.

L. C. TAGGAR, Assistant Cashier.

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RAILROADS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

Trains are Due to Arrive and Leave.

OAKLAND.

SIXTH STREET STATION.

Arrive.

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LEGAL.

Notice of Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, made on the 24th day of October, 1900, in the matter of the estate of John A. Barber, deceased, the undersigned, the administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said John A. Barber, deceased, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in gold coin of the United States of America, and subject to the confirmation of said Superior Court, after the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate of said John A. Barber, deceased, has by operation of law or otherwise acquired, either before or after the time of her death, in and to all those certain parcels and portions of land situated, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

(1) Commencing at the point of intersection of the southerly line of Seventh street with the southerly line of East Ninth street, and running thence south along said southerly line of Seventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Ninth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Ninth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Tenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Tenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Eleventh street; thence south along said southerly line of East Eleventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twelfth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twelfth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fourteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fourteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Sixteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Sixteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Seventeenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Seventeenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Eighteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Eighteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Nineteenth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Nineteenth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twentieth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twentieth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-first street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-first street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-second street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-second street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-third street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-third street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-fourth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-fourth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-fifth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-fifth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-sixth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-sixth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-seventh street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-seventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-eighth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-eighth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Twenty-ninth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Twenty-ninth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirtieth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirtieth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-first street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-first street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-second street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-second street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-third street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-third street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-fourth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-fourth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-fifth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-fifth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-sixth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-sixth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-seventh street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-seventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-eighth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-eighth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Thirty-ninth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Thirty-ninth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fortieth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fortieth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-first street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-first street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-second street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-second street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-third street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-third street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-fourth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-fourth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-fifth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-fifth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-sixth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-sixth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-seventh street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-seventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-eighth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-eighth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Forty-ninth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Forty-ninth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fiftieth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fiftieth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-first street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-first street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-second street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-second street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-third street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-third street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-fourth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-fourth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-fifth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-fifth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-sixth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-sixth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-seventh street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-seventh street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-eighth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-eighth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Fifty-ninth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Fifty-ninth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Sixtieth street; thence south along said southerly line of East Sixtieth street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Sixty-first street; thence south along said southerly line of East Sixty-first street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Sixty-second street; thence south along said southerly line of East Sixty-second street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the southerly line of East Sixty

